









Presentation outline

- ➤ Objective
- **>** Simulations
- > Preliminary Conclusions





Objective: Identify boundary conditions required to obtain Q-Zones

- ➤ What does it take to establish a QZ?
- ➤ How large has a QZ to be?
- Can it be enhanced with higher levels of low noise vehicles (LNV)?
- Traffic simulations varying
 - > Noise fee levels
 - ➤ QZ size
 - Share of LNV inside and outside the QZ
 - > Site





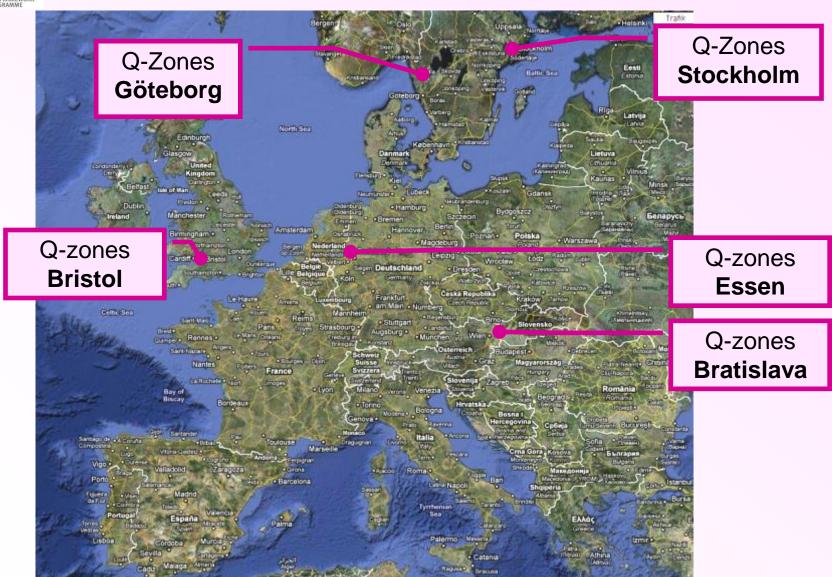
Initial parameter levels

- Noise fees (paid on entry and exit)
 - ➤ Ban, 0.5 Euro, 1 Euro
- > Zone size
 - \geq 2 3 size variants
- > LNV ownership (inside/outside)
 - ▶ 1%/1%, 5%/5%, 20%/20%
 - > 20%/5%, 100%/20%
- > Site





Test site choice





Test site choice

- 3 Inner city areas chosen
 - ▲ Higher potential
 - Larger traffic redistribution effects



Traffic Simulation

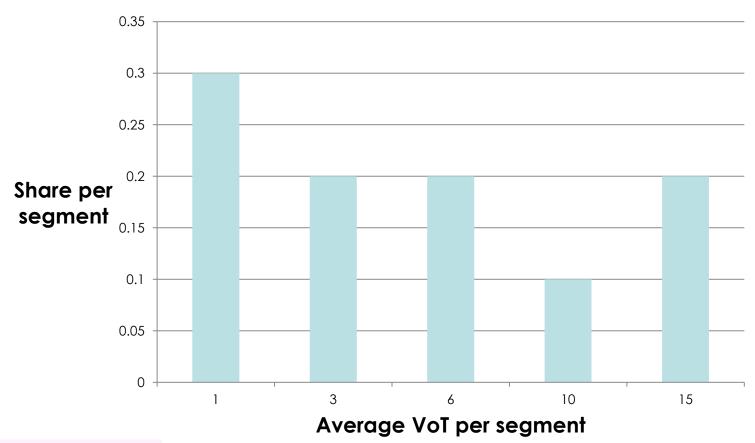
- ➤ Simulation of
 - > Route choice
 - > (Destination choice)
 - > (Mode choice)
- > Resulting in link flows/speeds
- Using available traffic simulation model databases
 - Regard to distribution of value of time



VoT distribution needed

Segment where behavior can be expected to depend on fee

VoT distribution Bratislava





Traffic simulation - Stockholm example

- > 5 VoT segments for low noise vehicles (LNV)
- > 5 VoT segments for standard vehicles
- Whole Stockholm County area simulated
- Affected area noise mapped
- 16 scenarios simulated





Stockholm aerial view (Södermalm)





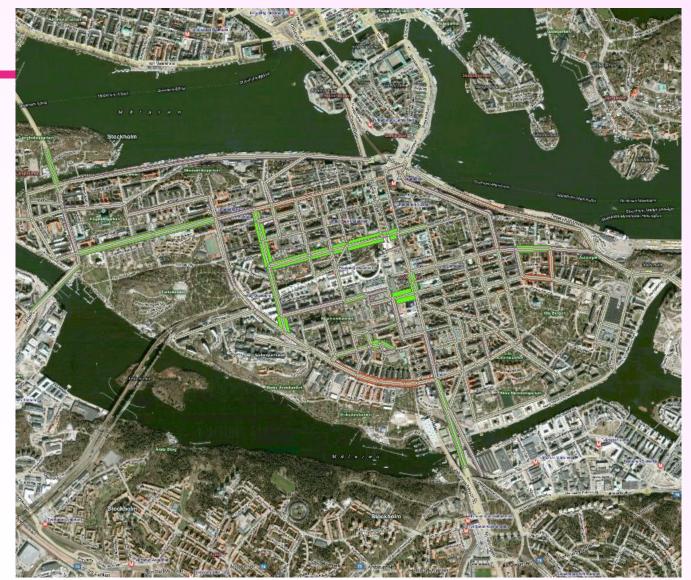
Base case traffic flows





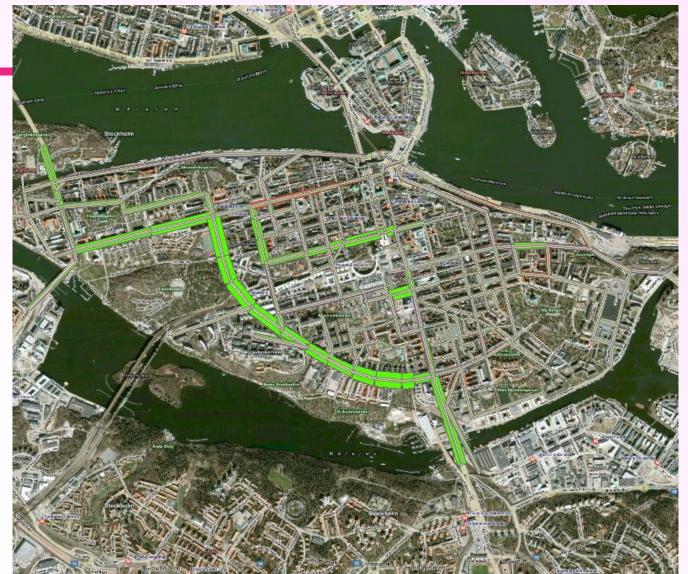


Medium QZ banned std vehicles - change





Large zone banned standard vehicles - change







Base Case noise map







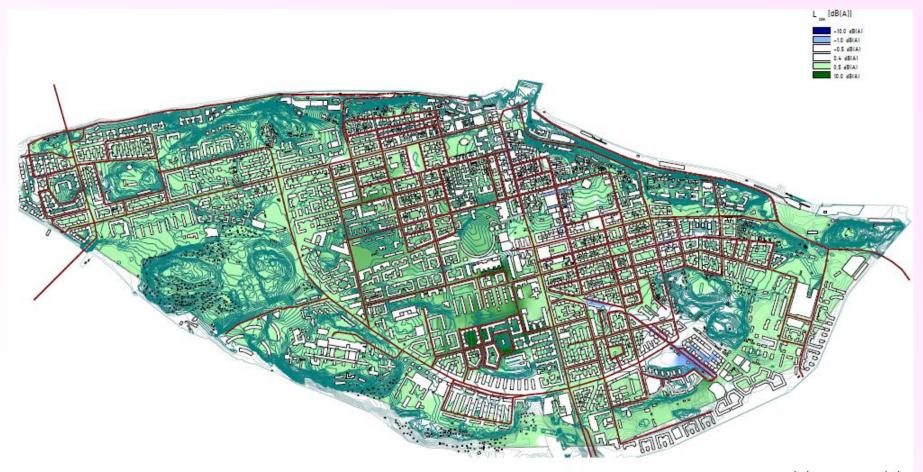
Scenario LNV only, 100% LNV ownership inside QZ, 20 % outside







Difference to Base Case







Difference large zone to Base Case







>... about 70 more scenarios....

... all not yet analysed....





Some preliminary results

Site	Noise reduction	Approximate zone size
Bratislava	2 - 3 dB	500 x 500 m
Essen	3 - 5 dB	500 x 500 m
Stockholm	5 - 10 dB	1000 x 1000 m



Some preliminary results

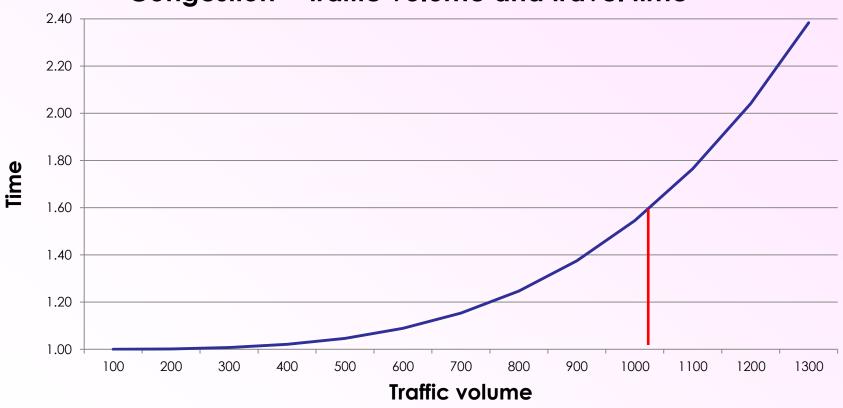
- > Fee size
 - > 1 Euro almost identical to ban
 - ≥0.5 Euro gives also very high effect
 - > Small fee enough for a route change
- >LNV ownership
 - ➤ Internal LNV ownership important
- >Site
 - > Geography, history ... and congestion





Congestion – an important issue



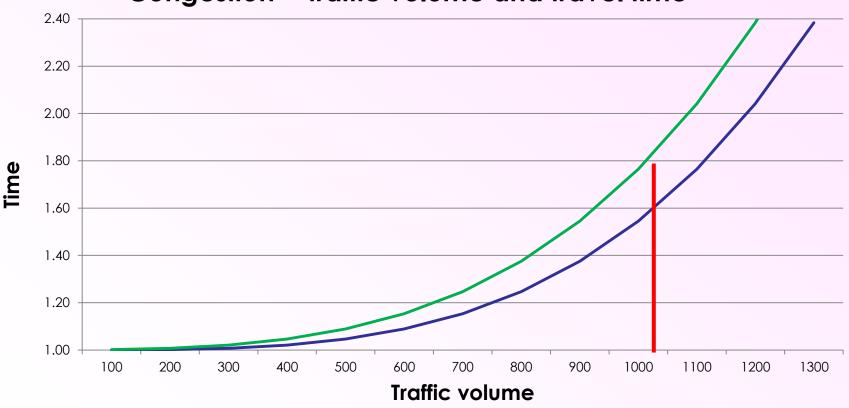






A QZ takes capacity away – congestion will increase outside the QZ

Congestion - traffic volume and travel time

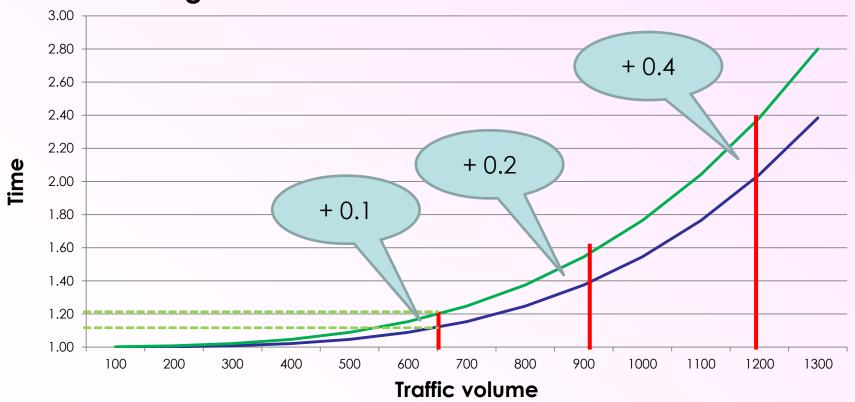






... depending on the congestion level

Congestion - traffic volume and travel time

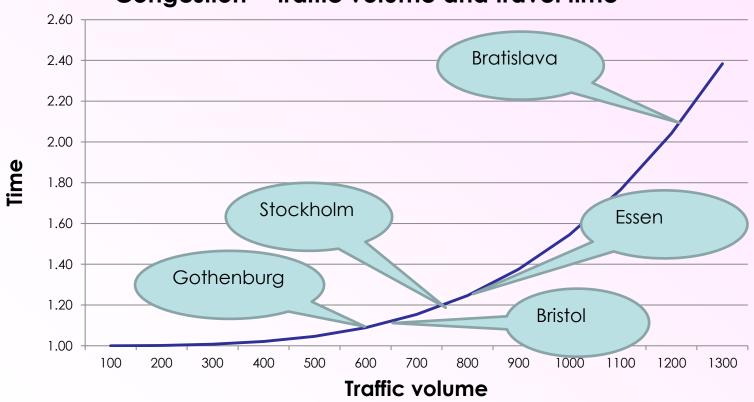






Congestion situation important for cost effects









Brussels. November 2011

Conditions for a QZ are (preliminary)

- >Sufficient road capacity
 - otherwise too large congestion effects outside the QZ
- > High level of internal LNV ownership
- ➤ Zone size large enough to avoid backgound noise (?)

> Also a minor fee will be efficient



25